Jupyter on the OSG and Parsl

MANIAC LAB

Lincoln Bryant University of Chicago Parslfest 2020



NRICO FERMI NSTITUTE



Open Science Grid in a Slide



- A national, distributed computing partnership for data-intensive science
- Open to any researcher with US-based institutional affiliation
- Distributed fabric of high-throughput computing resources, ideal for:
 - Scientific problems that require a very large number of jobs
 - Single-threaded applications or multi-threaded applications without message passing
 - Relatively short runtimes (<24h)
 - Workloads without shared filesystem or license server requirements
- Sign up: <u>https://osgconnect.net/</u>

We're developing new ways to use OSG

- Traditionally, users login via SSH and submit workloads via the shell
- More and more people are using Jupyter in their workflows why not add Jupyter to the OSG?
- Really need a workflow tool like Parsl to make this a success for users!

Not just a Jupyter interface

- We would like OSG to eventually support self-service + composability
- <u>The dream</u>: Download a container, get a token from OSG, access tens of thousands of cores!
- Perhaps some good synergy with FuncX and other tools that build on top of Parsl
 - $\circ\,$ e.g., Science Gateways

The following is a "Technical Preview" of what we have been developing

<demo time>

```
Incolnb@jupyter-notebook-X
Untitled.ipynb
                         X
                                                                                                                                                                                         Python 3
                                      Code
        ×
             n
                             C
                                 **
                                               V
      [4]: import parsl
            import os
           from parsl.config import Config
           from parsl.providers import CondorProvider
           from parsl.executors import HighThroughputExecutor
           from parsl.addresses import address_by_query
           from parsl.app.app import python app, bash app
           config = Config(
               executors=[
                   HighThroughputExecutor(
                       label='OSG HTEX',
                       address=address by query(),
                       max workers=1,
                       provider=CondorProvider(
                           nodes_per_block=1,
                           init blocks=4,
                           max blocks=4,
                           # This scheduler option string ensures that the compute nodes provisioned
                           # will have modules
                           scheduler options="""+ProjectName = "OSG-Staff"
                           Requirements = HAS_MODULES=?=TRUE""",
                           # Command to be run before starting a worker, such as:
                           # 'module load Anaconda; source activate parsl_env'.
                           worker init='unset HOME; unset PYTHONPATH; module load python/3.7.0; python3 -m venv parsl env; source parsl env/bin/activate; python3 -m pip install parsl',
                           walltime="01:00:00",
                       ),
                       worker_logdir_root='$OSG_WN_TMP',
                       worker ports=(31000,31001)
           parsl.load(config)
```

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Iincolnb@jupyter-notebook-×
Untitled.ipynb
                           C >> Code
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B + % D
                                             V
                .
     [4]: <pars1.dataflow.dflow.DataFlowKernel at 0x7ffb946f8d50>
     [5]: @python_app
           def pi(num points):
               from random import random
               inside = 0
               for i in range(num points):
                   x, y = random(), random() # Drop a random point in the box.
                  if x^{**2} + y^{**2} < 1:
                                            # Count points within the circle.
                      inside += 1
               return (inside*4 / num_points)
           # App that computes the mean of three values
           @python_app
           def mean(a, b, c):
               return (a + b + c) / 3
           # Estimate three values for pi
           a, b, c = pi(10**6), pi(10**6), pi(10**6)
           # Compute the mean of the three estimates
           mean_pi = mean(a, b, c)
           # Print the results
           print("a: {:.5f} b: {:.5f} c: {:.5f}".format(a.result(), b.result(), c.result()))
           print("Average: {:.5f}".format(mean_pi.result()))
           a: 3.14095 b: 3.14135 c: 3.14182
           Average: 3.14137
        1:
```

à

lincolnb@jupyter-notebook-lincolnb-root-snowmass21-6df4bd5b74-qtn25;~\$ condor_q

-- Schedd: jupyter-notebook-lincolnb-root-snowmass21-6df4bd5b74-qtn25@jupyter-notebook-lincolnb-root-snowmass2 1-6df4bd5b74-qtn25 : <192.168.23.15:32095?... @ 10/06/20 18:49:05 OWNER BATCH NAME SUBMITTED DONE RUN IDLE TOTAL JOB IDS

OWNER	BATCH_NAME		SUBMITTED		DONE	RUN	IDLE	TOTAL	JOB_ID
lincolnb	ID:	5	10/6	18:44	0.002	1	100	1	5.0
lincolnb	ID:	6	10/6	18:44	1000	1		1	6.0
lincolnb	ID:	7	10/6	18:44		1		1	7.0
lincolnb	ID:	8	10/6	18:44	-	1	_	1	8.0

Total for query: 4 jobs; 0 completed, 0 removed, 0 idle, 4 running, 0 held, 0 suspended Total for lincolnb: 4 jobs; 0 completed, 0 removed, 0 idle, 4 running, 0 held, 0 suspended Total for all users: 4 jobs; 0 completed, 0 removed, 0 idle, 4 running, 0 held, 0 suspended

lincolnb@jupyter-notebook-lincolnb-root-snowmass21-6df4bd5b74-qtn25:~\$

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Thanks

Questions?

Obligatory "under the hood" diagram



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